Algorithmic Audit of Italian Car Insurance: Evidence of Unfairness in Access and Pricing

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Goal & Research Questions

GOAL: To audit the algorithms responsible for access and pricing in the Italian car insurance industry (Responsabilità Civile Autoveicoli-RCA).

RQ1. What are the factors that play a major role in setting RCA premiums?

RQ2. Do gender and birthplace directly influence quoted premiums? **RQ3**. Do riskier driver profiles see fewer quotes on comparison websites (*output variability*)?

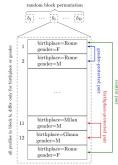
Background Summary

- Gender and birthplace are protected factors in this context [1,2]
 (→ Fairness Through Unawareness FTU).
- Aggregators are a primary point of access to RCA market [3].
- The Italian insurance regulator found anecdotal evidence of output variability in aggregators; problematic for opacity and unequal opportunity [4].

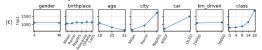
DOE & Data Collection

- We gather quotes from 9 companies on a popular aggregator.
- We vary several factors deemed important plus protected ones.
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 Protected pairs only differ for 1
- protected factor.Control pairs account for noise.
- Control pairs account for noise
 Overall: 19.608 quotes.

Feature	Values tested	Brief description driver's gender			
gender	F, M				
birthplace	Milan, Rome, Naples,	driver's place of birth			
	Romania, Ghana, Laos				
age	18, 25, 32	driver's age			
city	Milan, Rome, Naples	driver's residence			
car	OLED, NSEP	insured vehicle type			
km_driven	10,000, 30,000	kms driven yearly			
class	0 4 9 14 18 None (-1)	claim history summar			



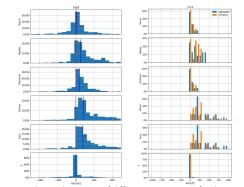
Most Important Factors



Mean effect of factors on cheapest quote (top1).

- Age, city, car and class are confirmed to strongly influence prices.
- Equivalent results with top5 (avg. of 5 cheapest quotes) omitted.

Protected Factors

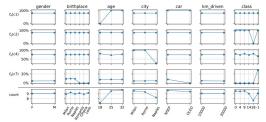


Protected pairs: histogram of difference in average of 5 cheapest quotes (left) and quote provided by a specific company (right).

- Systematic discrimination based on birthplace (rows 1-5).
- Sizeable price differences for gender, centered around 0 (row 6).

				topδ			
Attribute	Pairs	Ties ₅	$\eta_{.05}(\delta)$	$\eta_{.95}(\delta)$	$m(\delta)$	p	
birthplace	Rome vs Milan	5%	-202 €	240 €	7 €	3.0e-04	
birthplace	Naples vs Milan	6%	-50 €	331 €	53 €	7.9e - 31	
birthplace	Romania vs Milan	9%	-86 €	225 €	39 €	6.8e - 27	FTU does
birthplace	Ghana vs Milan	5%	-48 €	521 €	84 €	2.6e - 61	
birthplace	Laos vs Milan	6%	-60 €	437 €	78 €	2.0e - 58	not hold.
gender	F vs M	39%	-173 €	187 €	0 €	2.1e - 01	
noise control		89%	-6 €	11 €	0.6	5.0e=01	

Output Variability



Influence of each factor on frequency of appearance in result pages for company c1 (row 1), c2 (row 2), c4 (row 3), c7 (row 4) and total number of quotes (row 5).

 Strong patterns, compatible with strategic choices are visible for factors age, city and class.

Conclusions

- RQ1. Driver age, city, vehicle and claim history are important factors for RCA pricing.
- RQ2. Both gender and birthplace have a direct influence on the quotes offered to users. In extreme cases, a driver born in Laos/Ghana can pay 1,000€ more than one born in Milan.
- RQ3. Strategic choices seem to be in place, providing users of comparison websites with unequal opportunity and access to products based on their risk profile.

Essential Bibliography

[1] EC - European Commission. 2012. Guidelines on the application of Council Directive 2004/113/EC to insurance, in the light of the judgment of the Court of Justice of the European Union in Case C-236/09 (Test-Achats) C-11/1

[2] IVASS - Institute for the Supervision of Insurance. 2014. Lettera al mercato prot. n. 45-14-007503. 26 novembre 2014

[3] Simon Kaesler, Johannes-Tobias Lorenz, and Felix Schollmeier. 2018. Friends or foes: The rise of European aggregators and their impact on traditional insurers

[4] IVASS - Institute for the Supervision of Insurance. 2014. Investigation into comparison websites in the Italian insurance market.